

Yanti Khoirotun Nisa'. 2026. *Pengembangan Media Balok Beraksih untuk Meningkatkan Karakter Menjaga Kebersihan Lingkungan pada Anak Usia 2-4 Tahun*. Skripsi, Program Studi Pendidikan Guru Pendidikan Anak Usia Dini, Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan, Universitas Trunodjoyo Madura. Pembimbing 1: Angga Fitriyono.

ABSTRAK

Abstrak: Penelitian ini dilatarbelakangi oleh rendahnya karakter menjaga kebersihan lingkungan pada anak usia 2–4 tahun di KB Klampis Timur serta adanya keterbatasan media pembelajaran dalam menstimulasi karakter tersebut. Penelitian ini bertujuan mengembangkan media pembelajaran Balok Beraksih untuk meningkatkan karakter menjaga kebersihan lingkungan dengan rentang usia 2-4 tahun. Penelitian pengembangan ini menggunakan model ADDIE dari Robert Maribe Branch. Subjek penelitian terdiri dari anak usia 2–4 tahun. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan observasi, wawancara, dokumentasi, angket validasi ahli, dan uji coba produk. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa media Balok Beraksih memperoleh kategori sangat layak berdasarkan penilaian ahli media (83,16%), ahli materi (82,67%), hasil validasi instrumen respon anak dan efektivitas (80%), serta hasil uji coba produk meliputi uji kelompok kecil (98,33%) dan uji kelompok besar (97%). Hasil uji efektivitas menunjukkan peningkatan ditandai dengan nilai pre-test (42,97%) dan post-test (89,71%). Analisis menggunakan uji *Non-Parametrik Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test* menghasilkan *Mean Ranks* 17.50 dan jumlah rangking positif sebesar 595.00. Dengan demikian, media Balok Beraksih layak dan efektif digunakan untuk meningkatkan karakter menjaga kebersihan lingkungan pada anak usia 2-4 tahun. Penggunaan media disarankan dilakukan secara bertahap, berulang, disertai perawatan rutin serta pengembangan selanjutnya dapat ditambahkan unsur teknologi sederhana, ukuran dan bahan yang lebih praktis dan ringan.

Kata-kata kunci: karakter, menjaga kebersihan lingkungan, media balok beraksih

Yanti Khoirotun Nisa'. 2026. Development of the "Block Beraksih" Media to Foster Environmental Cleanliness in Children Aged 2–4 Years. Thesis, Early Childhood Education Teacher Education Program, Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, Trunodjoyo University of Madura. Advisor 1: Angga Fitriyono.

ABSTRACT

Abstract: This study was motivated by the low level of environmental hygiene awareness among children aged 2–4 years at the Klampis Timur Kindergarten and the limited availability of learning materials designed to foster this trait. This study aims to develop the "Balok Beraksih" learning medium to enhance environmental hygiene habits among children aged 2–4 years. This development study employs Robert Maribe Branch's ADDIE model. The research subjects consist of children aged 2–4 years. Data collection techniques include observation, interviews, documentation, expert validation questionnaires, and product testing. The research results indicate that the Balok Beraksih media was rated as "highly suitable" based on evaluations by media experts (83.16%), content experts (82.67%), the results of the validation of the children's response instrument and effectiveness (80%), as well as the results of product trials, including small-group testing (98.33%) and large-group testing (97%). The effectiveness test results showed an improvement, marked by pre-test (42.97%) and post-test (89.71%) scores. Analysis using the non-parametric Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test yielded a Mean Rank of 17.50 and a positive rank sum of 595.00. Thus, the Balok Beraksih media is suitable and effective for use in improving the character of maintaining environmental cleanliness in children aged 2–4 years. The use of the media is recommended to be carried out gradually and repeatedly, accompanied by routine maintenance; further development could include the addition of simple technological elements, as well as more practical and lightweight sizes and materials.

Keywords: character, maintaining environmental cleanliness, Block Beraksih media