

ABSTRAK

Boby Candra Pamungkas, Studi Rasionalitas Perempuan Dalam Penentuan Jumlah Anak Pada Rumah Tangga Di Desa Jrengik, Kecamatan Jrengik, Kabupaten Sampang. Dibawah Bimbingan Dr. Anita Kristina S.E., M.Si

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk memahami rasionalitas perempuan dalam penentuan jumlah anak pada rumah tangga di Desa Jrengik, Kecamatan Jrengik, Kabupaten Sampang, dengan mempertimbangkan perbedaan generasi. Pendekatan yang digunakan adalah kualitatif dengan metode fenomenologi. Informan dipilih berdasarkan kategori generasi X, Y, dan Z, yang mewakili perbedaan usia, pengalaman hidup, serta cara pandang terhadap anak. Data diperoleh melalui wawancara mendalam dan dianalisis secara tematik. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa keputusan jumlah anak ditentukan oleh lima dimensi: anak sebagai konsumsi, produksi, dan jaminan masa depan, serta aspek emosional perempuan dan cara pikir keluarga. Terdapat perbedaan rasionalitas antar generasi dalam memaknai keberadaan anak. Penelitian ini memberikan kontribusi dalam menjelaskan dinamika fertilitas antar generasi dan menegaskan pentingnya pendekatan kontekstual dalam kajian ekonomi kependudukan.

Kata Kunci: *Rasionalitas Perempuan, Penentuan Jumlah Anak, Ekonomi Fertilitas*

ABSTRACT

Boby Candra Pamungkas, Study of Women's Rationality in Determining the Number of Children in Households in Jrengik Village, Jrengik Sub District, Sampang Regency. Under the guidance of Dr. Anita Kristina S.E.,M.Si

This study has an objective to understand women's rationality in determining the number of children in households in Jrengik Village, Jrengik Sub District, Sampang Regency, by considering generational differences. The approach used is qualitative with phenomenological method. Informants are selected based on the categories of generation X, Y, and Z, which represent differences in age, life experience, and perspectives on children. The data are obtained through in-depth interviews and analyzed thematically. The results of the study indicate that the decision on the number of children is determined by five dimensions: children as consumption, production, and future security, as well as women's emotional aspects and family mindsets. There are differences in rationality between generations in interpreting the existence of children. This study contributes to explaining the dynamics of intergenerational fertility and emphasizes the importance of a contextual approach in the study of population economics.

Keywords: *Women's Rationality, Determining the Number of Children, Fertility Economics*