

ABSTRAK

Tiara Rachel Seftiyan. 210521100075, Program Studi Sosiologi, Fenomena Lesbian Pada Santriwati dalam Konsep “Kakak-Adik” di Pondok Pesantren *Rainbow Cake* Lamongan.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengkaji fenomena Lesbian santriwati dengan konsep “kakak-adik” di Pondok Pesantren *Rainbow Cake* Lamongan. Dalam lingkungan pesantren yang homogen dan tertutup dari interaksi lawan jenis hubungan emosional intens antar santriwati seringkali muncul dalam bentuk relasi “kakak-adik” yang secara sosial diterima namun dalam beberapa kasus berkembang menjadi hubungan yang menyerupai homoseksual. Pendekatan yang digunakan adalah kualitatif deskriptif dengan metode fenomenologi, untuk memahami makna subjektif dari hubungan tersebut melalui wawancara mendalam dan observasi partisipatif. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa konsep “kakak-adik” dibentuk melalui konstruksi sosial yang meliputi proses eksternalisasi, objektivasi, dan internalisasi sebagaimana dijelaskan oleh teori konstruksi sosial Peter L. Berger dan Thomas Luckmann. Faktor pemicu utama dari relasi ini meliputi minimnya edukasi mengenai batas emosional dan seksual, kurangnya pengawasan, serta kebutuhan akan afeksi dalam lingkungan yang serba tertutup. Penelitian ini diharapkan dapat memberikan pemahaman sosiologis terhadap dinamika identitas dan relasi interpersonal dalam lingkungan pesantren serta menjadi acuan bagi penelitian dan kebijakan pendidikan selanjutnya.

Kata Kunci: lesbian, santriwati, kakak-adik, konstruksi sosial, pondok pesantren

ABSTRACT

Tiara Rachel Seftiyan. 210521100075, Sociology Study Program, Lesbian Phenomenon Among Female Student in The Concept Of "Sister-Sister" At Rainbow Cake Islamic Boarding School Lamongan.

This study aims to examine the phenomenon of lesbian female student with the concept of "sister-sister" at Rainbow Cake Lamongan Islamic Boarding School. In a homogeneous and closed boarding school environment from interactions of the homosexual, intense emotional relationships between female student often emerge in the form of "sister-sister" relationships that are socially accepted but in some cases develop into relationships that resemble homosexuality. The approach used is descriptive qualitative with phenomenological method, to understand the subjective meaning of the relationship through in-depth interviews and participatory observation. The results show that the concept of "sister-sister" is formed through social construction which includes the processes of externalisation, objectivation, and internalisation as described by Peter L. Berger and Thomas Luckmann's social construction theory. The main triggering factors of this relationship include the lack of education about emotional and sexual boundaries, lack of supervision, and the need for affection in a closed environment. This research is expected to provide a sociological understanding of the dynamics of identity and interpersonal relations in the pesantren environment and become a reference for further research and educational policies.

Keywords: lesbian, female student, kakak-adik, social construction, boarding school