

ABSTRAK

Pertukaran Sosial Kepala Desa dan Penambang Pasir Ilegal (Studi Kasus Penambang Pasir Ilegal Di Desa Lipovka Mansion Erangel)

Moh Taufiqurrahman

140521100113 (Sosiologi, FISIB, UTM) mohtaufiq002@gmail.com

Hisnuddin Lubis, S.sos., M.A

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui Petukaran sosial kepala desa dan penambang pasir ilegal studi kasus penambang pasir ilegal Desa Lipovka, yang terus berlanjut untuk waktu lama pada proses penambangan pasir ilegal dengan melakukan suatu hubungan pertukaran sosial para penambang dan kepala desa. Proses kesepakatan terjalin menciptakan suatu hubungan pertukaran sosial. Subjek penelitian dalam penelitian merupakan penambang pasir dan kepala desa yang melakukan proses interaksi pertukaran sosial dengan analisis menggunakan Teori Pertukaran sosial Peter M. Blau.

Metode pengumpulan data penelitian menggunakan observasi dan wawancara serta dokumentasi. Pemilihan informan menggunakan metode Purposive sampling. Analisis data menggunakan teknik Miles dan huberman. Teknik pemeriksaaan keabsahan data menggunakan triagunglai sumber dan metode.

Hasil penelitian memberikan penjelasan ganjaran pertukaran sosial kepala desa dan penambang pasir ilegal, berupa ganjaran esktrinsik dan instrinsik. Ganjaran ekstrinsik berupa uang bagian yang diberikan penambang kepada kepala desa dan jasa perlindungan yang diterima penambang dari kepala desa. Sedangkan ganjaran instrinsik meliputi suatu rasa percaya yang dimiliki olehk kedua aktor pertukaran yang saling memberikan rasa percaya dan menaruh harapan terhadap hubungan pertukaran.

Kata kunci : Penambang Pasir Ilegal, Pertukaran Sosial, Masyarakat Penambang Pasir.

ABSTRACT

Social Exchange of Village Heads and Illegal Sand Miners (Case Study of Illegal Sand Miners in Lipovka Mansion Erangel Village)

Moh Taufiqurrahman

140521100113 (Sociology, FISIB, UTM) mohtaufiq002@gmail.com

Hisnuddin Lubis, S.sos., M.A

This study aims to determine the social exchange of village heads and illegal sand miners in case studies of illegal sand miners in Lipovka Village, which continued for a long time in the illegal sand mining process by carrying out a social exchange relationship between miners and village heads. The process of agreement exists to create a social exchange relationship. The research subject in this study is sand miners and village heads who carried out the process of social-exchange interaction by using the Theory of Social Exchange of Peter M. Blau.

The data collection method uses observation, interviews and documentation. The selection of informants uses the purposive sampling method. Data analysis uses Miles and Huberman techniques. The validity of data checking techniques uses the triangulation method.

The results of the study provide an explanation of the effects of the village head's and illegal sand miners' social exchange in the form of extrinsic and intrinsic reward. The extrinsic reward is in the form of money provided by miners to village heads. The village head gives protection services received by miners. However, the intrinsic rewards include a sense of trust possessed by both exchange actors who give mutual trust and hope for exchange relations.

Keywords: Illegal Sand Miner, Social Exchange, Sand-Mining Community.