

ABSTRAK

Fadel Ali Akbar, 150541100035. Program Studi Psikologi. *Risk Taking Behaviour* pada Nelayan di Perairan Segitiga Masalembu Disaat Musim Angin. Skripsi. Program Studi Psikologi, Fakultas Ilmu Sosial Dan Ilmu Budaya, Universitas Trunojoyo Madura

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui gambaran *risk taking behaviour* pada Nelayan di Perairan Segitiga Masalembu Disaat Musim Angin. Pendekatan dalam penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif Fenomenologi dengan tiga partisipan yang ditentukan berdasarkan metode *Purposive Sampling*. Teknik pengumpulan data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan wawancara semi terstruktur dengan analisis data Moustakas. Keabsahan data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan kredibilitas data yaitu, *membercheck*. Berdasarkan hasil dari penelitian ini ditemukan bahwa motif dari para nelayan yang melaut di musim angin dikarenakan keinginannya untuk mendapatkan pengalaman yang menantang dirinya. Tujuannya adalah supaya ia bisa mendapatkan rasa kepuasan setelah berhasil melaut di musim angin. Faktor selanjutnya yang mengakibatkan nelayan melaut di musim angin tidak lain karena ingin dipuji oleh orang-orang disekitarnya. Tujuannya agar nelayan tersebut tidak dianggap penakut oleh lingkungan sekitarnya. Terakhir, mengenai bagaimana penyebab nelayan melaut di musim angin adalah untuk memenuhi kebutuhan hidup keluarganya, sehingga nelayan mengambil jalan pintas untuk bisa mendapatkan penghasilan yang tinggi di musim angin. Selama proses melaut di musim angin, ketiga partisipan mendapatkan konsekuensi atas perbuatannya yang mengakibatkan luka fisik pada lengannya, alat tangkap ikannya rusak, serta perahu yang digunakannya mengalami kebocoran. Namun, dari ketiga partisipan tersebut memutuskan untuk tetap melaut di musim karena terdapat motif dari ketiga partisipan untuk bisa mencapai tujuan mereka masing-masing.

Kata kunci : *Risk Taking Behaviour*, Nelayan, Musim Angin

ABSTRACT

Fadel Ali Akbar, 150541100035. Psychology Study Program. Risk Taking Behaviour on Fishermen in the Triangle Waters of Masalembu when the Wind Season. Thesis. Psychology Study Program, Faculty of Social and Cultural Sciences, Trunojoyo University, Madura

This study aims to determine the description of risk taking behaviour on Fisherman in the Triangle Waters of Masalembu when the wind season. The approach in this study uses a phenomenological qualitative approach with three participants determined by the Purposive Sampling method. Data collection techniques in this study used semi-structured interviews with Moustakas data analysis. The validity of the data in this study uses data credibility namely, membercheck. Based on the results of this study, it was found of this study, it was found that the motives of the fisherman who went to sea in the wind were due to their desire to get a challenging experience for themselves. The goal is so that he can get a sense of satisfaction after successfully going to sea in the monsoon. The next factor that causes fisherman to go to sea in the wind season is none other than wanting to be praised by the people around them. The goal is that fisherman are not considered cowards by the surrounding environment. Finally, the reason why fisherman go to sea in the wind season is to meet the needs of their family's life so that fisherman take shortcuts to get high income in the wind season. During the process of going to sea in the wind season, the three participants received consequences for their actions which resulted in physical injuries to their arms, the fishing gear is broken, and the boat he was using had a leak. However, the three participants decide to stay at sea in the wind season because there were motives from the three participants to be able to achieve their respective goals.

Keywords : Risk Taking Behaviour, Fisherman, Wind Season