

ABSTRACT

Prohibition of entry and maintenance and cultivation of dangerous fish species and witnesses if violated has been regulated in Article 88 of the Law on Fisheries and regarding any types of fish that are prohibited have been explained in the Republic of Indonesia Minister of Marine and Fisheries Regulation Number 41 / PERMEN-KP / 2014 concerning Prohibition of Importing Dangerous Fish Types from Foreign Countries into the Republic of Indonesia. But in reality there are still many people who maintain these dangerous fish species for reasons as hobbies and do not know about the applicable laws and regulations. Therefore, this research was conducted to find out why law enforcement was not carried out on the owners of dangerous fish species in Bangkalan Regency.

The research method used is sociological juridical. The approach taken is the legal approach and case approach.

The results of this study indicate that law enforcement officials do not enforce the law against owners of dangerous fish species in Bangkalan Regency, even though it has been regulated in the Fisheries Law and Republic of Indonesia Minister of Marine and Fisheries Regulation Number 41 / PERMEN-KP / 2014 concerning Prohibition of Importing Dangerous Fish Types from Foreign Countries into the Republic of Indonesia. With facilities and facilities possessed by adequate law enforcement officers, legal information regarding these laws and regulations should be conveyed or announced to the public directly, so that the public knows and understands the applicable regulations in the country of Indonesia.

Keywords: dangerous fish species - law enforcement