

ABSTRAK

Imamuddin, Peran Tenaga Kerja Wanita Dalam Menunjang Ekonomi Keluarga(Studi pada: Wanita Tani di Desa Ragang Kecamatan Waru Kabupaten Pamekasan). Dibawah bimbingan Dr.Anita Kristina, M.Si.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk,1) mendeskripsikan fenomena permintaan tenaga kerja pada wanita tani di Desa Ragang Kecamatan Waru Kabupaten Pamekasan. 2) mendeskripsikan motif wanita tani dalam membuat keputusan untuk bekerja di Desa Ragang Kecamatan Waru Kabupaten Pamekasan. 3) mendeskripsikan peran wanita tani dalam menunjang ekonomi keluarga di Desa Ragang Kecamatan Waru Kabupaten Pamekasan.

Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan penelitian kualitatif diskriptif dengan subjek penelitian yaitu wanita tani di Desa Ragang Kecamatan Waru Kabupaten Pamekasan. Teknik pengambilan data yang digunakan yaitu teknik wawancara dan dokumentasi.

Hasil dari penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa fenomena permintaan tenaga kerja di sektor pertanian di Desa Ragang terdiri atas luas lahan, teknologi pertanian, pembagian kerja dan sistem pengupahan serta keahlian khusus. Sedangkan Motif wanita tani dalam membuat keputusan untuk bekerja dipengaruhi oleh pendapatan suami yang tidak mampu mencukupi kebutuhan hidup keluarga dan tingginya jumlah tanggungan keluarga. Sedangkan alasan wanita memilih bekerja menjadi wanita tani dikarenakan pendidikan yang tergolong rendah dan pengalaman bertani sejak kecil. Besar atau kecilnya jumlah jam kerja berpengaruh terhadap tingkat upah yang diterima oleh wanita tani. Selain itu peran wanita tani dalam menunjang ekonomi keluarga memiliki Kontribusi penghasilan yang terbilang rendah, namun sangat membantu perekonomian keluarga.

Kata Kunci: *Tenaga Kerja Wanita, Wanita Tani.*

ABSTRACT

Imamuddin, *The Role of Female Workers in Supporting Family Economy (Study on: Female Farmers in Ragang Village Waru Pamekasan)*. Under the Supervision of: Dr.Anita Kristina, M.Si.

This study aims to 1) describe the phenomenon of worker demand toward female farmers in Ragang village Waru Pamekasan, 2) describe the motive of the female famers in making the decision to work on the village, 3) describe the role of the female farmers in supporting the family economy in Ragang Village Waru Pamekasan.

This study employs descriptive qualitative approach with female farmers in Ragang Village Waru Pamekasan as the research subject. Interview and documentation were used as the method in collecting the data.

The findings of this study suggest that the phenomenon of worker demand in agriculture sectors in Ragang Village Waru Pamekasan consists of surface area of the land, agriculture technology, work shares, waging system, and special skills. While the motive of the female farmers in making the decision to work is influenced by their husband's income which is not adequately sufficient to cover their family's needs. While the reasons of the female farmers choose to work as a farmer are because of their low educational background and because of they have already become a farmer since childhood. The working hours determine the wages got by the female farmers. Besides that, the roles of the female farmers in supporting the family economy is considerably low, however, it really helps the economy of the family.

Keywords: Female Workers, Female Farmers.