

Moh. Sahit. NIM.11.03.2.1.1.00031. Analisis Faktor-faktor Penyebab dan Dampak Migrasi Tenaga Kerja Internasional (Studi Kasus Tenaga Kerja Wanita di Kecamatan Geger Kabupaten Bangkalan). Dibawah bimbingan Andrie Kisroh Sunyigono, SP., MP., Ph.D dan Dwi Ratna Hidayati, SP., MP

ABSTRAK

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui karakteristik sosial ekonomi rumah tangga tenaga kerja wanita, faktor penyebab dan dampak terhadap keluarga di Desa. Penelitian dilaksanakan di Desa Kampak, Kokop, Batu Gubang, dan Desa Geger di kecamatan Geger kabupaten Bangkalan. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah deskriptif dan regresi linier berganda dengan teknik asidental sampling. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian di ketahui bahwa variabel umur, pendapatan, status pernikahan, pendidikan dan kepemilikan lahan berpengaruh signifikan. Dampak bagi keluarga TKW yang ditinggalkan di desa yaitu mampu menopang kebutuhan keluarga serta beralihnya peran dan tanggung jawab dalam rumah tangga tenaga kerja wanita.

Kata kunci : migrasi, regresi linier berganda, sosial ekonomi.

Moh. Sahit. NIM.11.03.2.1.1.00031. the analysis of female migration factors and international workforce migration impact (the case study of women workforce in Geger Sub-District, Bangkalan District). Advisor: (1) Andrie Kisroh Sunyigono, SP., MP., Ph.D and (2) Dwi Ratna Hidayati, SP., MP.

ABSTRACT

This research aims to know the socio-economic characteristics of female worker household, causal factors and the impact of family in the village. This research is implemented in Geger Sub-district, Bangkalan District, specifically in Kampak, Kokop, Batu, Gubang and Geger Village. The research methods that are used are descriptive method and multiple linear regression with accidental sampling techniques. Based on the result of research is known that the variable of age, income, education, status, and land ownership have a significant effect. The impacts of female worker families who are left in village are, be able to sustain family needs and the shifting of roles and responsibilities in the female worker household.

Key words: migration, multiple linear regression, socio-economic