

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This chapter included five essential sub-chapters. They are background of the study, statement of the problems, objectives of the study, significances of the study and scope and limitation of the study.

1.1 Background of the study

In our daily activities, we use language to communicate with other people. Language is not only spoken but also can be written. The language use by humans to interact and communicate with each other in daily activities is spoken language or in the oral way. We can say that language is a media that cannot be separated from human, especially in social life. Language not only use to communicate, but there are many several purpose of language. Arianti (2020) stated that there are many several purpose of language ; to communicate, to persuade, to inform, to introduce, to negotiate, to socialize. Beide that, language also can be use to express ideas, feelings, emotions, identity, educations, nationalities and the convey it to others.

One field of linguistics that is concerned with language and society is sociolinguistic. Trudgill (2000) examines that there are two aspect of language behavior which are very important from a social point of view, first is the function of language in establishing social relationship, and the second is the role played by language in conveying information about the speaker. From the statement above we can conclude how it is clear that there is a close inter-relationship between language and society. That two aspect can not be separate each others because they have a close inter-relationship which means they become an integral and side by side in social life.

People also can identify a group of social community by seing language that they use to communicate each other. People can analyze by seing the variation of language that have their unique characteristics which certainly differentiate from other language. There are many language variation, one of it is register and it will be the topic of this study. Register is an informal language which usually use to

communicate by personal or certain groups of people. According Biber (1994) People participating in recurrent communication situations tend to develop similar vocabularies, similar features of intonation, and characteristic bits of syntax and phonology that they use in those situations.

Some of these registral features, such as special terms for recurrent objects and events, and formulaic sequences or 'routines', seem to facilitate speedy communication; other features apparently serve to mark the register, establish feelings of rapport, and serve other purposes similar to the accommodation that influences dialect formation. From the statement about we can conclude that register is non standard language, people using register on certain opportunity and also its usually found due to ideas or habits which appear in the society.

The development of register makes it more often used by some people. Not only used personally but also used by several people in a group to communicate. register also not have any rules on it, it supported with theory by Biber (1994) he stated that there is no mistaking the strong tendency for individuals and co-communicators to develop register variation along many dimensions. This basic characteristic of human language appears very early in the development of the individual child and is fundamental in understanding the process of conventionalization in speech communities. This is what makes register still an interesting topic to be discussed. Lots of communities use register to communicate with each other. One of the communities which use register to communicate is Pamor volleyball club.

In this research, the writer will analyze the language that used in Pamor volleyball club. This volleyball club is a club which village level and its located in Petaonan village, Socah District. This volleyball club existed in 2018 where at that time there were less than 16 members which were then divided into 2 teams, namely team A and team B. The background to the formation of this volleyball club was because many teenagers in Petaonan village had the same hobby, which is playing volleyball. So when they got together and played volleyball, the idea emerged to create a volleyball club to accommodate the youth of Petaonan Village who have a hobby of playing volleyball. Year by year, the player of pamor volleyball increase

because there many more teenagers who have same hobby. Now the player of pamor volleyball around 22 person. 9 person for team A, 9 person for team B and 4 person substitute player.

Eventhought they only come from the same hobby, the members of the Pamor volleyball club also have coaches from PBVI Bangkalan, so they can practice with good technique and can also manage strategies well. In order for their skills to be honed properly, they usually practice from Friday to Sunday. Training is usually done in the afternoon, from Friday to Saturday they practice basic skills in volleyball. Then on Sunday, usually they will do physical exercise. For normal days, apart from these three days they will usually practice normally. The fruit of their routine practice is that they often take part in inter-village events or cups. Not only participating in competitions, they also won the prestige cup competition held in Socah Village and won third place.

The Pamor players usually use register to communicate with each other, especially when they are playing volleyball. Even during tournaments or just regular practice, they still use register to communicate with each other. They also use more register language which created by them self to communicate, it aims to make the register they used more variatife. They have many register which they usually used while playing volleyball such as Full, Bola quick and booja. That word use by them to give code to other member of the team. Here are example of the utterance which use madurese language :

1. Gus, **full** gus!
2. Se e adhe' **bola quick**
3. Mayuh yap siap **booja**

Source : Socah 24 february 2023

From first sentence we can see there is a unique word which is have their own meaning but it have different meaning when we see from that sentence. The unique word is **Full**, as we know in English language full means “ontaining or holding as much or as many as possible; having no empty space” but in this utterance **Full** means “smash”. In volley ball technique smash means the tosser (player who will get inform the smasher) order the smasher (player who have ability

to toss the ball) to toss the volleyball or attack it in to the opponent. The code of full or as we know smash, usually utterance during the game going on.

Next we move to the second sentence, from second sentence we can see there is unique word which is ***Bola quick***. The word of *bola quick* has meaning that “the ball three meters” which means that the libero (a player who get position in the middle. Which cant move to another position) signaled to the tosser or smasher that the ball is three meters and order them to hit the ball. In this technique, mostly after the ball hit by opposing team it will be caught by libero. After libero caught the volleyball, it will be passed to tosser to make a play.

The last sentence that utterance by member’s of Pamor volleyball club is ***Booja***. The register of *Pooja* means “long ball/high ball”, it means the tosser code to the smasher. That register or code usually use before tosser passed the volleyball to the smasher. The smasher after hear the code, they will smashed the ball in the opposing team as an attack.

From those example above, we found unfamiliar words which have a different meaning as its real meaning or literal meaning. This study also has several differences from the previous study, about the source of data and also methodology of collecting the data. First, the data that the writer use not focused on journal which using library research but the writer analyzed a community using interview research. Second, the data collected by using documentation and interview method used theory by Arikunto (2006). Based on the background and from the explanation above, the writer is intrested in conducting a study entitled “**An Analysis of registers used by Pamor volleyball club**”.

1.2 Statement of the problems

According to the background of the study above, the writer formulated the problems in the following questions:

1. What are the types of registers that found in Pamor volleyball club ?
2. What are the meaning types of register that found in Pamor volleyball club?

1.3 Objective of the Study

Based on the problems that mentioned, the objectives of this study are formulated as follows :

1. To analyze the types of register that found in Pamor volleyball club.
2. To analyze the meaning types of registers that found in Pamor volleyball club.

1.4 Significance of the Study

In this study, the writer would like to find the meaning and also the functions of register words that use by the. Based on the background of the study, the writer expects that this study gives both theatrical and also practical contribution.

1. Theotrically, the writer expects that this study will enrich the reader knowledge about sociolinguistic study and also enlarge the view of the students of the English Departement. The writer hopes that the result of the research will bring some benefits to the reader and also can bring some benefits to the next researcher which is want to take the same research.
2. Practically, this study provides more knowledge for society about register words in a community or a group. The writer try to analyse the register uses in an informal group which used by the player of Pamor volleyball club. In this case, the writer collect the register words that found in pamor volleyball club, next analyse the types of each register. After analyze the types of the register that found, the writer also analyse the meaning of the tpes above. The register that analyse are register words that they use to communicate while they doing volleyball competition or just exercise every week.

1.5 Scope and limitation of the Study

The scope of this study has specific fields to language variation in sociolinguistics which exist in the area petaonan, socah. The viewpoint of this study is focuses on vocabulary items of register that used by the player of Pamor volleyball club. This study collecting the register that can found in pamor volleyball club and classification according to their types used theory by Martin&Rose (1967). That theory related to this study which explain the types of register that used by the player of Pamor volleyball club to answer the first problem of this research. Not

only classification the types of register that found, the writer also analyse the meaning of the types used theory by Geoffrey Leech (1974). That theory related to this study which to answer the second research question.

The limitation of this study is the writer only focused analyze the types of register and also the meaning of the types of register wich produced by the player of Pamor Volleyball club. There are many register words that they use to communicate which is interesting to talk about because its help other people know what the meaning of their register and can make the reader of this thesis know what the meaning of.