

ABSTRAK

Ika Widiyastuti. 220541100034. Program Studi Psikologi. Pengaruh *Self Acceptance* Dan Kepemimpinan Karismatik Kyai Terhadap *Self Efficay* Pada Perilaku Kewirausahaan Santri Di Pondok Pesantren

Penelitian ini bertujuan menganalisis pengaruh penerimaan diri dan kepemimpinan karismatik kyai terhadap keyakinan diri santri dalam berwirausaha. Penelitian ini dilatar belakagi karena rendahnya rasio kewirausahaan di Indonesia serta fenomena kurangnya keyakinan diri pada potensi yang dimiliki santri lulusan Pondok Pesantren Nurul Cholil Bangkalan dalam mencari kerja. Menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif, penelitian ini melibatkan 172 santri sebagai sampel. Data dikumpulkan melalui penyebaran kuesioner, yang kemudian diolah menggunakan analisis data statistik untuk menguji pengaruh antar variabel secara parsial maupun simultan. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa penerimaan diri dan kepemimpinan karismatik kyai terbukti berpengaruh signifikan terhadap keyakinan diri pada perilaku kewirausahaan santri di pondok pesantren. Dengan demikian, dapat disimpulkan bahwa hipotesis Ha diterima, yang menegaskan pentingnya faktor internal santri dan peran figur kyai dalam menumbuhkan keyakinan berwirausaha di lingkungan pesantren, sejalan dengan dukungan program *One Pesantren One Product* (OPOP).

Kata kunci: Penerimaan diri, Kepemimpinan Karismatik Kyai, Keyakinan diri, Perilaku Kewirausahaan, Pondok Pesantren.

ABSTRACT

Ika Widiyastuti. 220541100034. Psychology Study Program. *The Influence of Self-Acceptance and Charismatic Leadership of Kyai on Self-Efficacy in Entrepreneurial Behavior of Students in Islamic Boarding Schools.*

This study aims to analyze the influence of self-acceptance and charismatic leadership of kyai on self-efficacy of students in entrepreneurship. This research is motivated by the low ratio of entrepreneurship in Indonesia and the phenomenon of lack of self-confidence in the potential of students who graduated from Nurul Cholil Islamic Boarding School in Bangkalan in finding work. Using a quantitative approach, this study involved 172 students as samples. Data were collected through questionnaires, which were then processed using statistical data analysis to test the influence between variables partially and simultaneously. The results showed that self-acceptance and charismatic leadership of kyai were proven to have a significant effect on self-efficacy in entrepreneurial behavior of students in Islamic boarding schools. Thus, it can be concluded that the hypothesis H_a is accepted, which confirms the importance of internal factors of students and the role of kyai figures in fostering entrepreneurial confidence in the Islamic boarding school environment, in line with the support of the One Pesantren One Product (OPOP) program.

Keywords: *Self acceptance, Charismatik leadership of Kyai, Self efficacy, Entrepreneurial behavior, Islamic boarding school.*