

ABSTRAK

Yulia Hikmawati. 190541100009. Pengaruh Adiksi Narkolema Terhadap Motivasi Belajar Pada Siswa SD Di Bangkalan. Program Studi Psikologi, Fakultas Ilmu Sosial dan Ilmu Budaya, Universitas Trunojoyo Madura. 2023. xix + 82 halaman + 51 lampiran.

Narkolema atau Narkoba Lewat Mata adalah pornografi yang dapat di akses manusia lewat mata yang dapat merusak otak. Survei yang dilakukan oleh Yayasan “Kita dan Buah Hati”, menyebutkan sebanyak 76% anak kelas empat hingga kelas enam SD di Jakarta, Bogor, Depok, Tangerang dan Bekasi sudah pernah melihat konten pornografi. Penelitian ini dilakukan bertujuan untuk mengetahui Pengaruh Adiksi Narkolema terhadap Motivasi Belajar Pada Siswa SD Di Bangkalan. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan penelitian kuantitatif. Berdasarkan hasil uji hipotesis yang telah peneliti lakukan diperoleh hasil nilai F sebesar 0,500 dengan signifikansi 0,480 ($p > 0,05$). Dengan demikian, hipotesis atau H_a pada penelitian ini ditolak, yaitu tidak terdapat pengaruh yang signifikan Adiksi Narkolema terhadap Motivasi Belajar Siswa SD di Bangkalan.

Kata Kunci: Adiksi Narkolema, Motivasi Belajar, dan Siswa SD

ABSTRACT

Yulia Hikmawati. 190541100009. The Effect of Narcolemma Addiction on Learning Motivation in Elementary School Students in Bangkalan. Psychology Study Program, Faculty of Social Sciences and Cultural Sciences, Trunojoyo University, Madura, 2023. xix + 82 page + 51 attachment.

Narcolemma or Drugs Through the Eyes is pornography that can be accessed by humans through the eyes which can damage the brain. A survey conducted by the "Kita dan Buah Hati" Foundation stated that as many as 76% of fourth to sixth grade children in elementary schools in Jakarta, Bogor, Depok, Tangerang and Bekasi had seen pornographic content. This research was conducted with the aim of knowing the effect of Narcolem Addiction on Learning Motivation in Elementary School Students in Bangkalan. This study uses a quantitative research approach. Based on the results of the hypothesis testing that the researchers did, the F value was 0.500 with a significance of 0.480 ($p > 0.05$). Thus, the hypothesis or H_a in this study was rejected, namely there is no significant effect of Narcolemma Addiction on the Learning Motivation of Elementary School Students in Bangkalan.

Keywords: Narcolemma Addiction, Learning Motivation, and Elementary School Students