

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This chapter consists of five subchapters. They are Background of the Study, Statements of the Research Problem, Objectives of the Study, Significances of the Study, Scope, and Limitation of the Study.

1.1 Background of the Study

God creates human being with intelligence and emotion used as a distinction of others creature. Intelligence is an entity that has capabilities to discover fact, truth, meaning, principle, information, knowledge; the ability of mind in gathering and processing data or information. In other words, intelligence used as a means to distinguish right and wrong logically; while emotion is the person's internal state of being; involuntary psychological response toward person or experience (Oxford: 2008: 146). Emotion differs from intelligence because it can not be controlled as wish; hence, people often loss control if not used equally with intelligence. The function of emotion is to motivate human in life development, such as seeking for a partner or friend, falling in love, social process, helping mutually, having sympathy of others and so on. Without emotion human will be as same as like a robot or machine.

There are two kinds of emotions, those are positive and negative emotions. Positive emotions usually consist of love, kindness, happiness, peaceful and so on. While negative emotions usually consist of anxiety, fear, hatred, revenge,

jealousy, anger and so on. Therefore, emotion influences people to disorganized behavior because emotions are mildly aroused in most of the time, controlling our behavior without our awareness (Strongman 2003: 104). Emotion leads human desire for achievement, strive for successful even if have to face of many diversities and failures; it is called motivation. According to Bindra (Strongman, 2003: 58) emotion cannot be organized and motivation can be organized. Therefore, motivation can deliver people to life successful or into destruction. It depends on individuals manage motivation.

The definition of motivation is the reason of a person to do something (Oxford, 2008:286). Motivation is eager desire for achieve or distinguish one's self from other people. According to Hogan and Schroeder (in Johnson's journal, 1983: 187), motivation can develop characteristic of personality; in addition, motivation is a result of aspiration, dream, and goal from personal social progress as well as personal goodness. Ryan and Deci (Hefferon and Boniwell, 2011:139) concluded that there are two factors motivation appears, from intrinsic and extrinsic. Intrinsically, people influenced from social environment, but extrinsically, people more influence by offer a reward separable from the behavior itself. However, motivation constructively personal character becomes strong, different, and well-being.

Many methods are used to achieve motivation, true or false way, easy or difficult, and slow or fast. Motivation can deliver people into a mistake or destruction if used wrong ways such as hurt people whether in physic or non-physic, violate the law, and seize another right. While motivation also can deliver people into successful

if reach it without hurt people or violate the law. It is called as healthy motivation. Some people who blind of their motivation will use many ways even if have to kill a person as long as the goal is reached. Unfortunately, these people will get nothing and the effort becomes useless. There are many kinds of motivation, those are; motivation in pursue power, motivation for famous or rich, motivation for good performance. Motivated people usually can be seen easily by their behaviors such as persistent in difficult condition and situation, diligent in doing assignments, and never surrender easily.

The characteristic of motivated persons can be seen in some novels' characters such as Ella Marchmill in Thomas Hardy's *An Imaginative Woman*, portrayed as elegant, melancholic, but resistant who has a goal to meet Robert Trewe, her idol by does many ways but after all she fails; the impact is Ella's behaviors hurt her husband and her marriage life is not as calm as before. Another story is from Carlo Ventresca in Dan Brown's *Angel and Demon*, portrayed as a Pope's chamberlain, communicative, resistant, and a gentleman, a man who wants to be a Pope by gets rid of many people and pretends to be a hero; but then he fails because his secret is revealed up. Both of characters above show that motivated people can be a woman or man, as long as have strong desire, people will use many ways to reach their goals even if must hurt other people or violate the law. This is one of the effects of unhealthy motivation. It is comparable in one of characters Dan brown's novel entitled *the Lost Symbol*, Mal'akh. Mal'akh is a result of transformation from Zachary Solomon after experiences many events to achieve his goal to be apotheosis or god.

When he is achieving his goal, Mal'akh uses wrong methods including kills an innocent person. This is the basic reason for the writer analyses the motivation of Zachary Solomon as the object of the study.

The Lost Symbol tells about a professor that is Robert Langdon who attempts to rescue his friend named Peter Solomon that is kidnapped by Mal'akh. Mal'akh is another name of Zachary Solomon who changes after rescuing from death. By using Peter as a hostage, Zachary capitalizes Robert Langdon to help him become an apotheosis or god by solving incomplete history that will change him to be a god. When achieving his goal, Zachary convincingly kills anybody who hinders him.

Zachary's motivation achieves his goal is not only the reason of the writer chooses this novel. The writer chooses *the Lost Symbol* novel to analyze because the book has many interesting things to study. They are:

1. First, all of the settings in novel are real. Dan Brown explains all places and buildings are in Washington DC, such as Washington Monument, Smithsonian Museum, Library of Congress, House of the Temple, and so on. It gives the reader knowledge and explanations about the history of each building and place.
2. Second, Dan Brown also tells Zachary's ability in changing into other person. To achieve his motivation, Zachary does several actions such as changes his identity, kills innocent person, and kidnaps his father himself. From this character the readers will learn about motivation can blind people from the truth and lead them into destruction.

3. Third, some of Dan Brown's novel consists of histories, knowledge, and a puzzle that may cause the readers confuses, but it cannot wane the readers' curiosity. Dan Brown also explains how to resolve of puzzles in the story. As same as like the other Dan Brown's novel, this novel is not only consists of histories and puzzles that can enrich of reader's knowledge, but also on this novel Dan Brown makes a controversial fiction story about history of famous ancient secret organization, Freemasonry. Many people have perceptions that Freemasonry is an anti-religious organization, an insane community, occultism practice until a purpose to create New World Order in line with their ideology, but in this novel Dan Brown tells different view about freemasonry.

In conclusion, the purpose of this study is to analyze Zachary Solomon's motivation achieves his goal in order to reveal about the effects of his motivation that shows in novel.

This study uses individual psychology as main theory. The writer hopes that the readers get more understanding about individual psychology especially the effects of motivation based on the novel.

1.2 Statements of Research Questions

Based on the title and the background of this analysis, the writer formulates the research question as follow:

1. How is individual psychology presented in Zachary Solomon achieves his motivation?

2. How are the effects of motivation toward Zachary Solomon's life based on the novel?

1.3 Objectives of the Study

The aim of this study which is answer related to the statements of research problems that is:

1. To explain individual psychology reflects on Zachary Solomon achieves his motivation.
2. To elaborate the effects of motivation toward Zachary's life based on the novel.

1.4 Significance of the Study

Theoretically, the writer hopes that this study will give better understanding, contribution, and significance information about individual psychology by Alfred Adler and the effect of motivation through the novel. The writer also hopes that the readers get more interesting to literature through this novel. Practically, the writer hopes that this study gives inspiration and contribution to moral values for all readers through this novel.

1.5 Scope and Limitation of the Study

In order to prevent non-relevant problems and make this research clearly, the scope of this research focuses on motivation of Zachary Solomon to be apotheosis using motivation theory.

Meanwhile, the limitation of this study is focused on utterances, sentences, and narratives that relevant to Zachary Solomon's motivation, the cause of his motivation, and the effect of his motivation. The data of this study will be taken from Dan Brown's *the Lost Symbol* novel.