

ABSTRACT

Constitutional judges is one of the two highest judicial authority in Indonesia, as the guardian of the Indonesian Constitution is the Constitution of 1945, as the Guardian of the Constitution would be able to hold these powers should be someone who is really the right person holding power that , considering the future of the Indonesian nation can be said to be in the hands of the nine judges of the constitution, in this regard, of the regulations related to the appointment of constitutional court judges, from beginning to end it is necessary to set better, given the current rules (Law Act No. 23 of 2004 on the Constitutional Court or the Constitutional Court Act) is very far from perfect and even in some parts experiencing legal vacuum , from the requirement to test the appropriateness and feasibility, which can cause cracks that may be utilized for the certain people who are not responsible. As the most fundamental thing that appointment of the Constitutional certainly should get the attention of all parties, this is certainly due to an important foundation for the future survival of the Indonesian people, especially the Constitutional Court, relating to the issue, the President with the authority issued Government Regulation in Lieu of Law No. 1 in 2013 on the Second Amendment Act No. 23 of 2004 on the Constitutional Court (MK PERPPU), and one of the important parts in the amended and added requirement is related to the Constitutional Court, the selection process of networking and the Constitutional Court, and the results if we compare with the Law Court, the Court PERPPU much better and more complex, so it deserves to be passed into law the new MK.

Keywords : Constitutional Court, Constitutional judges, and MK PERPPU