

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This study consists of five subchapters. This chapter explain about background of the study, statement of research problem, objectives of the study, significance of the study, and scope and limitation.

1.1 Background of the Study

Language is a phenomenon in the world that has many variations and can change every time. Language is a tool which is used to communicate with each other. People use language to communicate. Language is the most important part in social environment. People use language to share their arguments, informing, or expressing feelings. They use language in their spoken and written. Both of them include in a conversation. In conversation, speaker and listener must understand what they communicate.

Goodwin and Heritage (1990:283) stated that social interaction is a primordial way through which business of the social world is deal, the identity of participants asserted or denied, updated, and modified. The application of language can appear in television and radio.

In conversation, it needs speaker and listener. They have their own way to avoid some mistake which happen when they do communication. Sometimes the speaker make some mistakes or speech errors when they communicate. Sometimes they repeat their speech when they communication. This situation is called repair.

Repair is the process by which a speaker recognizes a speech errors and repeats what has been said with some sort of correction. Sometimes it makes misunderstand in communication. Repair is defined as “communicative phenomenon which helps to sustain social interaction by allowing conversation to mutual deal with the issues when they communicate” (Schegloff, Jefferson, and Sacks 1977:56).

In every conversation, repair often occurs. This case could be found when we are talking to the other people or who are talking to us. In conversation, the speaker sometimes does speech error. So, he fixes what he says or what speaker said could repaired by listener to avoid misunderstanding. For example:

Cordelia Chase: I just don’t see why everyone’s always picking on Marie Antoinette. I can so relate to her. She worked really hard to look that good, and people just don’t appreciate that kind of effort. And I know the peasants were all depressed.

Xander Harris: I think you mean *oppressed*.

Cordelia Chase: Whatever. They were cranky.

(Charisma Carpenter and Nicholas Brendon in “Lie to Me.” *Buffy the Vampire Slayer*, 1997).

According to the conversation, speaker A speak to the speaker B, but speaker A makes a mistake in her speech. So, speaker B repair it to make it clear. It avoids misunderstanding in conversation between speaker A and speaker B.

In this study, the writer wants to analyze repair in conversation by using discourse analysis approach. There are many data in the daily activities, especially in talk show. Talk show is radio or television program which a well-known personality interviews celebrities and other guests.

The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon is an American late-night talk show currently broadcast from the NBC Studios in Rockefeller Center in New York City. The series has been hosted by six comedians. The last comedian is Jimmy Fallon which presented from 2014-present. The tonight show is the world's longest running talk show.

1.2 Statement of Research Problems

Based on the background of the study, the writer will analyze the following questions:

1. What are the types of repair found in *The Tonight Show*?
2. What are the factors of repair found in *The Tonight Show*?

1.3 Objectives of the Study

According to the statement of research problems, this research has following objectives:

1. To explain the types of repair which found in *The Tonight Show*
2. To explain the factors of repair which found in *The Tonight Show*

1.4 Significance of the Study

The significance of the study has purpose theoretically and practically. Theoretically, the writer aims to give information about repair in discourse analysis

0and help the reader to understand about repair in conversation. Practically, the writer hopes that the reader can more understand about repair analysis that often occur in the daily conversation from read this thesis. This study can give more ideas to analyze about repair analysis clearly.

1.5 Scope and Limitation of the Study

The writer focuses on analyzing repair in the Tonight Show. The writer focuses to the utterances produced by the presenter and the guests, especially the types of repair analysis. Types of repair in conversations are divided into four kinds: self-initiated self-repair, self-initiated other repair, other-initiated self-repair, and other-initiated other repair.